

INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR Dust Monitor with Density compensation

TYPE PFM-KCU02 (Transducer) PFM-M01PEX (Sensor) Z961/Z964 (Zener barrier)

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X You, an excellent operator, please read the manual for Model thoroughly and operate Model effectively for your factory and for yourself and thank you!!

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Safety Precautions

- Be sure to thoroughly read the instruction manual before using the products.
- Keep the instruction manual in a safe, convenient location for future reference.
- All or part of the contents described in this manual may be changed without any notice.
- Due to our constant striving for further improvement of products, parts or products that differ from those described in this manual may be substituted.

WARNING (Failure to observe this WARNING may cause a fatal or serious injury.)

- Be sure to confirm that any peripheral equipment does not move before installation work.
- In addition, observe safety requirements for installation work where high-place work is expected.
 Be sure to turn off the power source before wiring, mounting and transportation work. (Failure to observe)
- this WARNING may result in an electric shock/ injury or equipment damage due to short-circuit.)
- Carry out wiring work correctly with reference to a proper drawing.
- Never disassemble the equipment. (Failure to observe this WARNING may result in an electric shock.)
- Do not open the cover under an explosive environmental condition when power is entered. (Failure to observe this WARNING may result in an injury or equipment damage.)
- Do not place or store the equipment in any hostile environmental place where it will be subjected to direct sunlight, rain, water droplet, hazardous gas/water, etc..

CAUTION (Failure to observe this CAUTION may cause a moderate injury or equipment damage.)

- Do not use the equipment for any purpose other than the original purpose of use.
- Be sure to confirm the specification of equipment and use the equipment within the range of specification. (Mounting conditions such as temperature, power source, frequency, etc.)
- Make sure a correct wiring before applying power source.
- Do not have a shock or strong impact to the equipment. (Failure to observe this CAUTION may result in equipment damage.)
- Be sure to connect necessary terminals (grounding, etc.).
- Remove all wiring to the equipment before doing electrical welding work near the equipment.
- Do not forcedly bend or pull the lead wire also do not use unnecessarily long wire.
- Tighten the cover, lead outlet, etc. properly so that dust, rainwater, etc. do not enter inside the equipment.
- Do not use the equipment under a corrosive condition (NH₃, SO₂, Cl₂, etc.).
- Be sure to tighten the cable grand so that outer air does not enter inside the equipment.
- When applying piping connection such as conduit, etc. instead of cable grand, apply putty or equivalents on the cable entry so that outer air does not enter inside the equipment.

IMPORTANT (indicates notes or information to help customers.)

Limitations of Warranty:

- Warranty period shall be one year from the date of delivery (ex-factory).
- Any damage of any other products that have occurred for use of the equipment is not covered by this warranty. Also any loss induced by failure or malfunction of the equipment is not covered by this warranty.
- Failure or malfunction caused by following are not covered by this warranty:
- a. Modification or repair by a party other than MATSUSHIMA's authorized personnel, or replacement of parts not recommended by MATSUSHIMA.
- b. Inadequate storage, installation, use, inspection or maintenance that does not comply with specifications.
- c. Cause for any peripheral equipment or device.
- d. Accident beyond control and force majeure (fire, earthquake, flood, riots, etc.).

Lack of instructions to MATSUSHIMA for information or safety requirements that can be predicted only by customers' side.

This warranty conditions do not limit customers' legal right.

Price for the equipment does not include any charge for services such as commissioning, supervising, etc..

1. Outline

Electric charge will generate when a number of corpuscle contained in gas pass through and/or get in touch with probe of dust monitor equipped with duct, plumbing pipe, etc.

The dust monitor amplifies this "Displacement of the charge" with the sensor, and sends the amplified slight signal to the output unit.

This electric signal "Displacement of the charge" is both filtered and amplified and then output instrumentation signal of $4\sim 20$ mA in proportion to dust amount and contact signal as well.

/! Important : View for density of dust monitor per Friction Electrification Mechanism

Output value of Friction Electric Charge Mechanic dust monitor will be variable due to various environmental factors such as 「kind of particle」「particle diameter」「specific gravity 「current speed」 through measure principle.

Under a regular environment, however, linear characteristic will not of course vary under that environment.

As to considering density regarding to Dust Monitor of Friction Electric Charge Mechanism,

it requires you to consider influence due to variation of particle characteristics as afore mentioned and it does not always meet density specified.

Density indicated on specification is for design development of machinery and is publicized for you customers to use as a guideline in deciding the range.

When you customers decide the range, you please find the range and set it in which alarm level is easy to set strictly from 0-100% signal and becomes pulse signal.

By doing so, you can realize your management of exhaust drift.

If there is a need hereby to execute density management, you are recommended to decide density equivalent to 0 - 100%.

On deciding above, you please investigate density of pulse and you can read signal as density from current signal of machinery by jointly utilizing integral function, etc to get the range acquiring signal nearest to actual density of 0-100%.

(The value you can get is compensated and is a relative conversion value but not absolute.)

The explosion-proof construction of this product is Ex ib ${\rm I\!I}$ B T4 (TIIS) .

It is composed of Sensor, Zener barriers, and Transducer.

Please set up Sensor in hazardous area, and set up Zener barriers and Transducer in Safety area.

The range of Hazardous area is Zone1 or Zone2.

This Sensor cannot be installed on the place of ZoneO.

Please wire for Sensor and Zener barrier with a exclusive line shilded cable.

Please wire between Zener barriers and the Output unit by similar exclusive line shilded cable.

		Sensor	PFM-M01PEX				
		Output unit	PFM-KCU02				
1. Ty	pe	Zener barrier	Z961				
		Zener barrier	2964				
2. St	ructural	Sensor+Zener barri	ier+Output unit(Separate)				
3. Neo	cessary conditions for						
		Temperature	≦60°C				
	1)Gas emissions	Pressure	≦200kPa				
	terms	Humidity	$ \leq 40 \text{ vol } \% $ $ \geq 4\text{m/s} $				
		Flow rate					
		Size	$\geq 0.3 \mu$ m				
	2)Dust terms	Concentration	0.1~1000mg/m ³				
4. Eq.	uipment specification						
	ensor						
	1) Approval		Ex ib IIB T4 (TIIS)				
	2) Protection		Dust-proof and Splash-proof construction				
	3)Rating		Uo=17.4V, Io=190.3mA, Po=430mW				
			-20°C~+60°C %Non condensing ≦95%RH %Condition :State of case sealing up				
	4)Temperature (※1)						
	5)Humidity (※2)						
	(\mathbb{R}^2)						
	6)Mounting		R1 Screw (1" Socket belonging)				
	7)Wiring distance	Between Sensor and Zener barrier	5m (Exclusive use cable)				
	(max.100m) (※3)	Between Sensor and Zener barrier	0.4m (Exclusive use cable)				
	0 enote $(\sqrt{4})$	Probe L1	300mm				
	8)Length (※4)	Isolation L2	58mm (Permissible length: 50~550mm)				
	9) Mass.		Approx. 1.3kg				
Z	ener barrier (Z961)						
	1)Approval		(Exib) IB				
	2) International Prote	ction	IP20				
	3)Rating		Uo=17.4V, Io=190.3mA, Po=430mW Um=AC250V 50/60Hz, DC250V				
	4)Temperature		-20°C∼+60°C ※Non condensing				
	5)Humidity		Max. 75%				
	6) Mass.		Approx. 150g				
Z	ener barrier (Z964)						
	1) Approval		(Exib) IB				
	2) International Prote	ction	IP20				
	3)Rating		Uo=17.4V, Io=190.3mA, Po=430mW Um=AC250V 50/60Hz, DC250V				
	4)Temperature		-20°C∼+60°C ※Non condensing				
	5)Humidity		Max. 75%				
	6) Mass.		Approx. 150g				

2. Specification

Output ur	specification nit					
1) Po	wer supply(Please	specify it)	AC110V/220V -15%/+10% 50/60Hz			
2) Po	wer consumption		7VA			
2) 0		Analog signal	DC4~20mA ×1 (max.23.3mA) Load: Max.500Ω (Isolated)			
3) Uu	tput signal	Relay output signal	1-Alarm: 1C (AC250V, 2A/DC30V, 2A) 2-Upper limit: 2C (AC250V, 2A/DC30V, 2A)			
		Power	Green (ON=点灯)			
4) D i	splay	Alarm	1-Alarm : Red (ON=点灯) 2-Upper limit : Yellow (ON=点灯)			
		Concentration	Digital 4 segment display (0.0~118.5%)			
	asuring range ※5) Set value v	vhen shipping	Range 1 : 0. $1 \sim 1000 \text{mg/m}^3$ Range 2 : 0. $1 \sim 500 \text{mg/m}^3$ Range 3 : 0. $1 \sim 200 \text{mg/m}^3$ Range 4 : 0. $1 \sim 100 \text{mg/m}^3$ Range 5 : 0. $1 \sim 50 \text{mg/m}^3$ Range 6 : 0. $1 \sim 20 \text{mg/m}^3$ Range 7 : 0. $1 \sim 10 \text{mg/m}^3$ Range 8 : 0. $1 \sim 5 \text{mg/m}^3$ Range 9 : 0. $1 \sim 2 \text{mg/m}^3$ Range 9 : 0. $1 \sim 2 \text{mg/m}^3$			
6) I n	Set value when shipping 6) Integration time 7) Correction 8) Temperature		0~30s			
			× 0. 1~×2. 0 (0. 1 carving)			
8) Te			-20°C~+50°C XNon condensing			
9) I n	ternational Prote	ction	IP20			
10) M	ounting		Wall tapestry or DIN-Rail Approx. O.7kg			
11)M	ass.					

 \times 1) The maximum temperature is different according to the range. (Refer to a figure 1.)

※2) The permissible humidity is different according to the cooking stove. (Refer to a figure 1.)

- ※3) Wiring distance is addition between Sennsor, Barrier, and Output unit.
- The cable is a special cable.
- st4) The maximum length is 1000mm.

Please calculate "Maximum length" by the calculating formula of L1+L2.

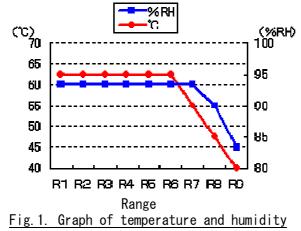
 $\%\,5$) The reference density when standard fine particle "Talc" is measured at flow velocity 10m/s is shown.

The difference is in this density because of an actual measurement fine particle and the environment.

 $\ensuremath{\mathbbmm{X}}\xspace{\ensuremath{\mathbbmm{The}}}$ probe should not be touched directly by hand.

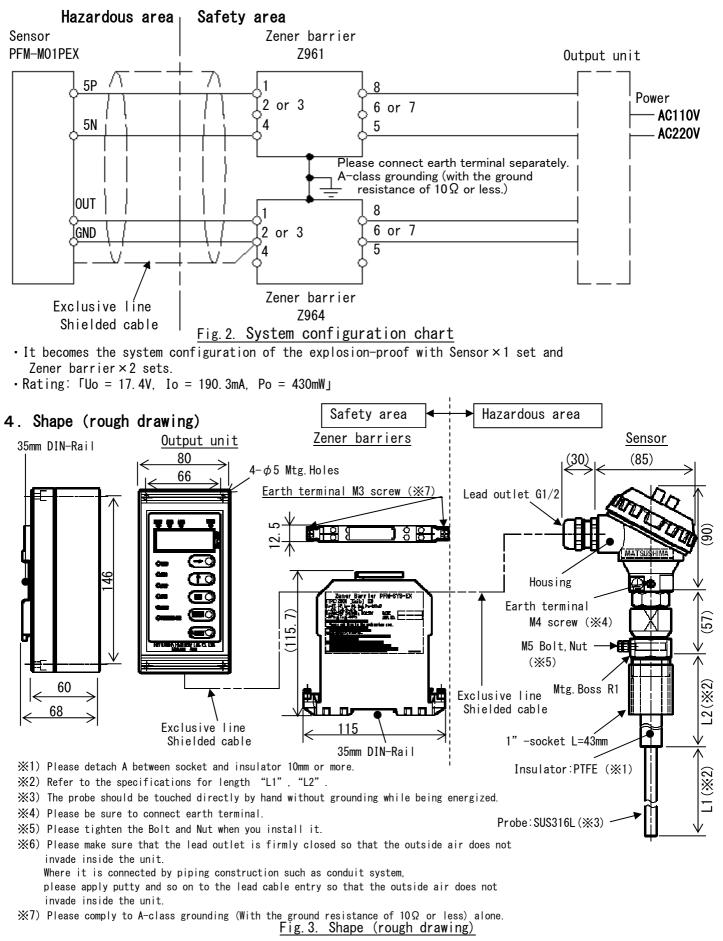
XA safe circuit is grounded.

Therefore, please avoid the execution of the withstand voltage test.



3. System configuration chart

Hazardous area that can be installed (%This Sensor cannot be installed on the place of ZoneO.) Zone1/Zone2



5. Mounting method

To mount Dust Monitor, 1" -socket is provided with.

Weld the socket onto the pipe. Install the dust monitor so it is horizontal or vertical. Welding should execute all around the pipe to shut off gas.

5-1. Precaution for mounting

Dust Monitor may mal-function in an environment as listed hereunder.

- Mounting Monitor in such environment should be refrained from, please.
 - (1) Plumbing pipe to be extremely squeezed or close to a place bending.
 - (2) Mounting position within diameter of duct or 1.5 of vertical dimension.
 - (3) Near a fan
 - (4) Fitting plumbing pipe short pipe duct are nonconductive.
 - (5) Measure environment and conditions are out of specification.
 - (6) In case raising bulk up with short pipe in a place where dusts accumulate between short pipe and probe.
 - (7) Place where tip of probe is within 20mm from plumbing pipe.

Important : Wiring of power and signal should be independent, please. Cap is for transport protection and is not a raincoat.

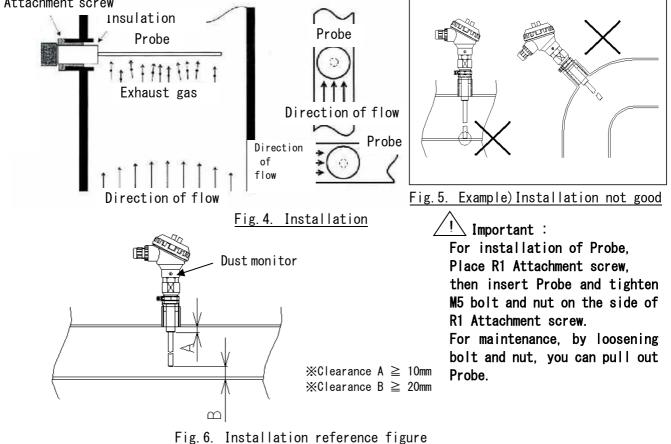
Attention : • Exclusive cable is transmitting very weak signal.

- Cable should be protected with, by all means, steel made electric wire pipe independently so that inductive noise form ambient area does not bother signal.
- Securely close the lead outlet to prevent outside air from entering in the main unit.

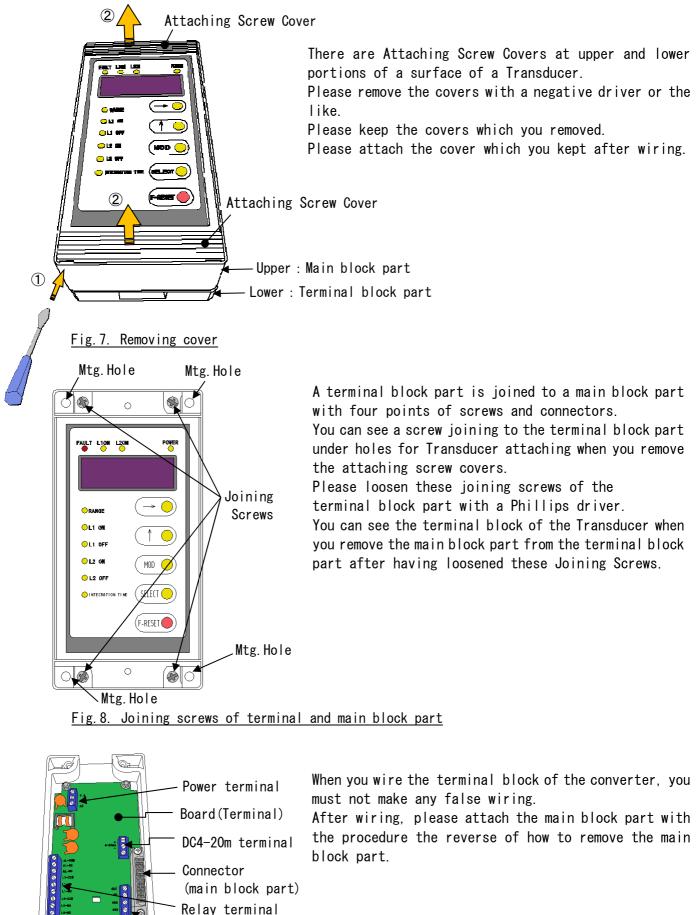
Do not remove the accessory Silica gel. (for dehumidification)

- Where using conduit piping and so on instead of cable grand, be sure to apply putty or like at cable entry so that ambient air does not come into the unit.
- Isolate the Output unit from the outer noise sources and take any measure against noise if there may be any noise from power supply/signal lines.





6. How to connect



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Sensor terminal

0:0

640

Fig.9. Terminal part

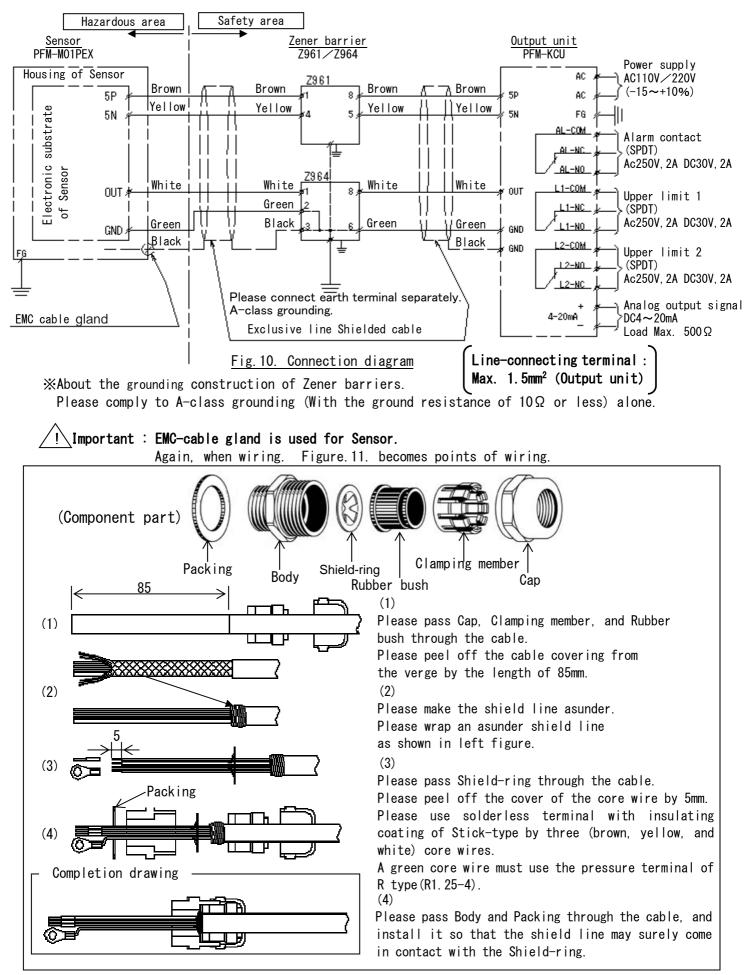
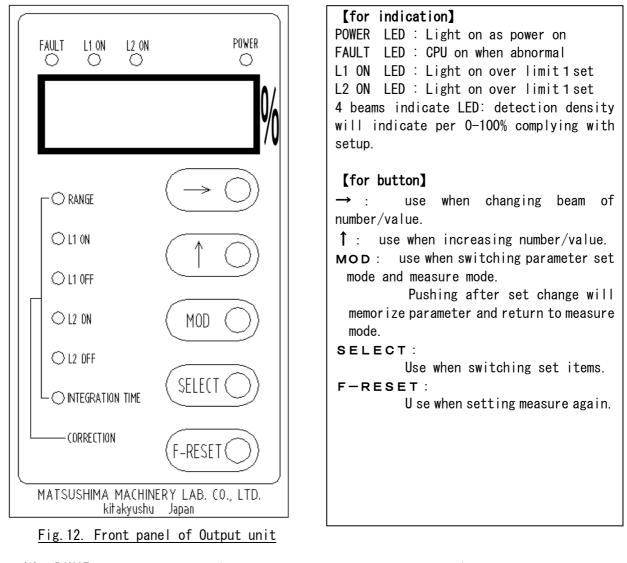


Fig.11. becomes points of wiring.

7. Part names and functions



```
    RANGE : measure range (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9) set
    L1 ON : setON point of limit 1 (set range : 0~100%)
    L1 OFF: setOFF point of limit 1 (set range : 0~100%)
    L2 ON : setON point of limit 2 (set range : 0~100%)
    L2 OFF: setOFF point of limit 2 (set range : 0~100%)
Minimum range of Hysteresis is still 1%.
    INTEGRATION TIME : Integral time set (set range : 0~30s)
    CORRECTION : Compensation value set (set range : 0.1~2.0)
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8. Start up

- 8-1. Warm up operation Dust Monitor requires warm up operation for about 1 hour after switch on.
- 8-2. Measure range set

After finishing warm up operation, you please set most appropriate measure range. You please set the range at 1 - 4 if the condition in which normal flow speed is regular, filter is correct and measure environment is appropriate.

In case requiring observation of smaller change, you please set the range at $5 \sim 9$ so that you can observe smaller change.

(In case density is high however, you may get over range.)

			4mA (0	%)	20mA (100%)		4m	A (0%)	2	OmA (100%)
Measure range	1	:	0.1	~	1000mg/m ³	Measure range6	:	0. 1	~	20mg/m ³
Measure range	2	:	0.1	~	500mg/m^3	Measure range7	:	0.1	~	10mg/m^3
Measure range	3	:	0.1	~	200mg/m^3	Measure range8	:	0.1	~	$5 mg/m^3$
Measure range	4	:	0.1	~	100mg/m ³	Measure range9	:	0.1	~	2 mg $/m^3$
Measure range	5	:	0.1	~	50mg/m^3					

This range (density), utilizing [Talc] as standard powder, is designed to get 20mA output under an environment of flow speed of 10m/s and the maximum range of 1000mg/m³. As to other ranges, the maximum value of 20mA of each range is designed to output due to its output linear.

[Reference : Talc]

(Talc) is non organic powder made from ore called Talc being crushed into gray white particle and smooth powder. Talc, with its chemical name: hydrous magnesium silicate $(Mg_3Si_4O_{10}(OH)_2)$ containing main ingredient of SiO₂ approx 60%, MgO approx 30% and combined water of 4.88%. As its physical nature, Talc of true specific gravity 2.7~2.8 is a substance having lowest hardness, superior in heat resistance in addition to chemically stable nature among non organic mineral.

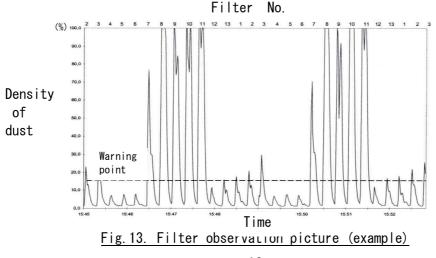
8-3. Integral set

Integration will even off measure signal per time fixed number up to maximum 30 minutes. (optional set)

Trouble of filter system will indicate through sudden rise of output signal.
 When doing analysis of filter system, set integral at 0 minute, please.
 By setting integral at 0 minute, you can monitor sudden change of dust density.
 As measure example, bag filter observation example is indicated for you in Fig. 13 in which Dust Monitor is used for 13 lines.

Dust exhaust is indicating its respective amount to transact as $1 \sim 6$ lines, and 12, 13 lines are low but $7 \sim 11$ lines pretty high peak.

You can decide when you change filter based on your observation.



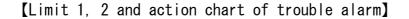
- 10 -

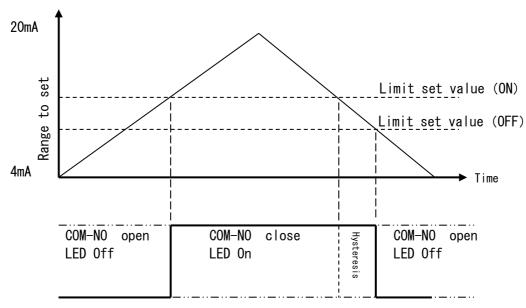
8-4. Limit set

Limit set can be done 2 different upper limits (alarm) in the range of $4 \sim 20$ mA (signal level $0 \sim 100\%$)

In case signal change gets severe however, chattering might rise often.

In such case you may be recommended to use integral function or delay function at/from higher position (Customers expertise) respectively.





Limit output (upper limit alarm)

Power OFF to open COM-NO

Fig. 14. Operation chart (upper limit alarm)

Trouble alarm

Device normal	Trouble ◀───►	Device normal →		
COM-NO open	COM-NO close	COM-NO open		
LED off	LED on	LED off		

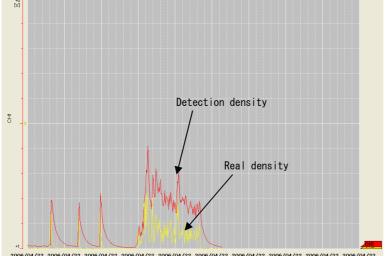
Power OFF to close COM-NO

Fig. 15. Operation chart (Trouble alarm)

8-5. Compensation value set

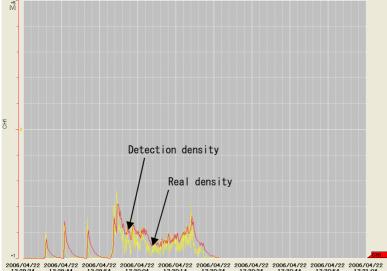
Compensation value can output in a range of $0.1 \sim 2.0$ (double) as compensation coefficient.

In such case as output is too high or too low for actual density when standard coefficient is 1.0, this function can output nearest density to actual density by multiplying output. Utilizing this function, output can be compensated as shown hereunder.



Compensation value 1.0 trend For actual density, detect density outputs high.

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Compensation value 0.5 trend For actual density, Detect density outputs almost all alike and understood compensation is effective.

2006/04/22 2006/04/22 2006/04/22 2006/04/22 2006/04/22 2006/04/22 2006/04/22 2006/04/22 2006/04/22 2006/04/22 2006/04/22 13:29:34 13:29:34 13:29:34 13:30:55 13:30:50 13:30:50 13:30:50 13:30:50 13:30:50 13:30:50

This function is 0.1 in increments of input in the range of $0.1 \sim 2.0$ (default is 1.0). If management is only for trend of dust exhaust, you can do without using this function (=set value 1.0). In case management requires the nearest value to actual density, you seize actual density such as counter wash pulse time, etc by manual analysis first and then set counter wash pulse shown by device very much close to value of manual analysis.

9. Set example of parameter

9-1. Flow of parameter set

Parameter should set according to the flow as shown hereunder.

Measure window	MOD button Press down (to parameter mode)	SEL button Push down Respective parameter select	ter select → Move beam by button ↑ Each button push down change value	set
	Push down MOD button (after parameter set, to window)	measure	SEL button push down (after set parameter move to other parameter item)	

- In case setting up value over input range exceeding specification, setup value of parameter will indicate [Errj on indication LED, let you know setup value is wrong and do not accept next operation.
- ※ In this case, please change to correct set value again.

measure range (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9) set RANGE : L1 ON : setON point of limit 1 (set range : 0~100%) L1 OFF: setO F F point of limit 1 (set range: 0~100%) L2 ON : setON point of limit 2 (set range : 0~100%) • L2 OFF: setO F F point of limit 2 (set range : 0~100%) Minimum range of Hysteresis is still 1%. • INTEGRATION TIME : Integral time set (set range : 0~30s) CORRECTION : Compensation value set (set range : $0.1 \sim 2.0$) 9-2. Example of parameter set Following is a set example to set integral time at 15 second. (Providing that set value was 0 minute before change.) (1) Push MOD button 1 time • • • • • • • • • • • move to parameter window and LED(orange). written Range on the left will light on. (2) Push SEL button 5 times · · · · · · LED (orange) lit goes down in turn and INTEGRATION TIME LED will light. (3) By using both \rightarrow button and \uparrow button, set Indication LED at [15]. (4) Push MOD button 1 time · · · · · · · return to measure window and start measure again at integral 15 second. You operate other parameters with same procedure, please. In case setting other parameters continuously, at (4) above instead of MOD you push SEL and can perform both setting parameter and moving to plural items at the same time. Reference : Parameter and light up of corresponding LED RANGE : only RANGE LED light up L1 ON : only L1 ON LED light up L1 OFF : only L1 OFF LED light up L2 ON : only L2 ON LED light up L2 OFF : only L2 OFF LED light up INTEGRATION TIME : only INTEGRATION TIME LED light up CORRECTION : both RANGE LED and CORRECTION LED light up same time

10. Maintenance

Measure probe should regularly be wiped and cleaned with dry rag.

You please keep it cleaned once in every 3 months but more often because of changing media or measure environment, you see.

When cleaning, you please switch off power.

<u>Caution</u>: The earth line should not be removed even at the maintenance in case it may cause a fault.

11. Trouble shooting

As soon as you find your machinery is functioning/operating funny, by referring to following particulars, you solve problems, please.

After those confirmations listed on the right below have been taken care of and mishaps do not return to normal, please kindly contact Matsushima.

Contents	Cause thinkable	Items to confirm
Both lamps of power and LED of controller are off. Output Direction is unstable.	 Power is shot off. Power specification is different since agreement on delivery. Warm up operation after setup is not complete. Earth (earth) is not provided. Wirings of exclusive cables between sensor controllers are either off or wrong. Material sticking on terminal. Terminal gets dew condensation. A bit of material is flowing. 	 Confirm wiring of terminal stand. (See if Terminal No. AC been wired?) Confirm if name plate of device and power supply are correct. Execute warm up operation for 1 hour. Confirm D type earth is done. Confirm wiring of exclusive cable. Remove probe and confirm if any sticking on terminal. If yes, switch off and wipe them off with rag. Remove probe and confirm if terminal is dew condensed. If yes, switch off and wipe it off with dry rag,
Output direction sever itself and does not return.	 Duct or plumbing pipe is short circuit from detection terminal due to terminal having sticking with material. Terminal has dew condensation. Electric charge does not generate. Terminal is contacting with pipe inside (GND). Machinery is in trouble. Big amount of material is flowing. Attention : (1) In case removing detection probe from machinery, do it after loosening M 5 bolt and nut. Please. To fit it back after cleaning, screw them back securely, please. (2) If insulation extension is required, please consult with Sales Dept of Matsushima. (on your account though) (3) Your attention is cordially invited not to cut probe length too short as you may be unable to detect electric charge. 	 please. Remove probe and confirm if any sticking on terminal. If yes, switch off and wipe them off with dry rag. (Remark) Confirm if insulation is pushed in inside of duct or pipe more than 10mm. Insulation should be extended as required (Remark) Remove probe and confirm if terminal has dew condensation. If yes, switch off and wipe them off with dry rag, please. Measure pipe inside diameter and terminal length and confirm if they do not contact If yes, change terminal length, please. (Remark)
Output direction does not change.	 Power is not supplied. Wiring of exclusive cable between sensor controllers is either off or wrong. Terminal has material stick on. Terminal contacts with inside of pipe (GND). Machinery is in trouble. 	 Confirm terminal wiring. Confirm wiring of exclusive cable. Remove probe and confirm if any sticking on terminal. If yes, switch off and wipe them off with rag. (Remark) Measure pipe inside diameter and terminal length and confirm if contacting. If yes, you will change length of terminal, please. (Remark)

Table 1. Trouble shooting